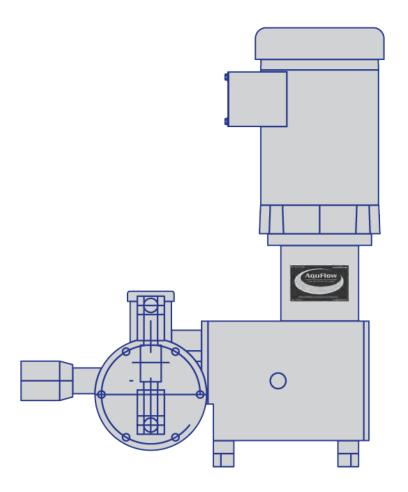
# **AquFlow Series 2000**

Hydraulically Actuated Diaphragm Metering Pump



# INSTALLATION, OPERATION, & MAINTENANCE MANUAL



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Original installation and operating instructions.

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#### Warning

These complete installation and operating instructions are also available on www.aquflow.com.

Prior to installation, read these installation and operating instructions. Installation and operation must comply with local regulations and accepted codes of good practice.

#### 1. General information

#### **1.1 Introduction**

These installation and operating instructions contain all the information required for starting up and handling the hydraulic diaphragm dosing pump.

If you require further information or if any problems arise, which are not described in detail in this manual, please contact AquFlow.

#### **1.2 Service documentation**

If you have any questions, please contact the nearest AquFlow distributor or factory directly.

#### **1.3 Applications**

The AquFlow pump is suitable for liquid, non-abrasive and non-inflammable media strictly in accordance with the instructions in this manual.

Note

*Explosion-proof pumps are identified from the pump and motor nameplates.* 

#### Warning



To operate a pump which has been identified as an explosion-proof pump for the dosing of inflammable media or for operation in potentially explosive operating sites, consult factory with details.

#### Warning

Other applications or the operation of pumps in ambient and operating conditions, which are not approved, are considered improper and are not permitted. AquFlow accepts no liability for any damage resulting from incorrect use.

#### 1.4 Warranty

Warranty in accordance with our general terms of sale and delivery is only valid

- if the pump is used in accordance with the information within this manual.
- · if the pump is not dismantled or incorrectly handled.
- if repairs are carried out by authorized and qualified personnel.

#### 2. Safety

This manual contains general instructions that must be observed during installation, operation and maintenance of the pump. This manual must therefore be read by the installation engineer and the relevant qualified personnel/operators prior to installation and start-up, and must be available at the installation location of the pump at all times.

It is not only the general safety instructions given in this "Safety" section that must be observed, but all special safety instructions given in the other sections.

2.1 Identification of safety instructions in this manual

If the safety instructions or other advice in this manual are not observed, it may result in personal injury or malfunction and damage to the pump. The safety instructions and other advice are identified by the following symbols:

Warning signs	Type of danger
	Warning – hand injuries.
	Warning – high-voltage.
	Warning – flammable substances.
	Warning – hot surface.
	Warning – danger zone.

#### 2.2 Qualification and training of personnel

The personnel responsible for the operation, maintenance, inspection and installation must be appropriately qualified for these tasks. Areas of responsibility, levels of authority and the supervision of the personnel must be precisely defined by the operator.

If the personnel do not have the necessary knowledge, the necessary training and instruction must be given. If necessary, training can be performed by the manufacturer/supplier at the request of the operator of the pump. It is the responsibility of the operator to make sure that the contents of this manual are understood by the personnel.

#### 2.3 Risks when safety instructions are not observed

Non-observance of the safety instructions may have dangerous consequences for the personnel, the environment and the pump. If the safety instructions are not observed, all rights to claims for damages may be lost. Non-observance of the safety instructions may lead to the following hazards:

- · failure of important functions of the pump/system
- · failure of specified methods for maintenance
- harm to humans from exposure to electrical, mechanical and chemical influences
- damage to the environment from leakage of harmful substances.

#### 2.4 Safety-conscious working

The safety instructions in this manual, applicable national health and safety regulations and any operator internal working, operating and safety regulations must be observed.

#### 2.5 Safety instructions for the operator/user

Hazardous hot or cold parts on the pump must be protected to prevent accidental contact.

Leakages of dangerous substances (e.g. hot, toxic) must be disposed of in a way that is not harmful to the personnel or the environment. Legal regulations must be observed. Damage caused by electrical energy must be prevented.

#### 2.6 Safety instructions for maintenance, inspection and installation work

The operator must ensure that all maintenance, inspection and installation work is carried out by authorised and qualified personnel, who have been adequately trained by reading this manual.

All work on the pump should only be carried out when the pump is stopped. The procedure described in this manual for stopping the pump must be observed.

Pumps or pump units which are used for media that are harmful to health must be decontaminated.

All safety and protective equipment must be immediately restarted or put into operation once work is complete. Observe the points described in the initial start-up section prior to subsequent start-up.

#### Warning



Make sure that the pump is suitable for the actual dosing medium! Observe the chemical manufacturer's safety instructions when handling chemicals! Do not operate the pump next to closed valves (dead head).

#### Warning



The pump housing, control unit and sensors must only be opened by personnel authorised by AquFlow! Repairs must only be carried out by authorised and qualified personnel! Wear protective clothing (gloves and goggles) when working on the dosing head, connections or lines! Before removing the dosing head, valves and lines, empty any remaining medium in the dosing head into a drip tray by carefully unscrewing the suction valve.

Caution

The resistance of the parts that come into contact with the media depends on the media, media temperature and operating pressure. Ensure that parts in contact with the media are chemically resistant to the dosing medium under operating conditions!

**2.7 Unauthorised modification and manufacture of spare parts** Modification or changes to the pump are only permitted following agreement with the manufacturer. Original spare parts and accessories authorised by the manufacturer are safe to use. Using other parts can result in liability for any resulting consequences. Additionally, it voides the warranty immediately.

#### 2.8 Improper operating methods

The operational safety of the supplied pump is only ensured if it is used in accordance with section 3. *Technical data*. The specified limit values must under no circumstances be exceeded.



Explosion-proof pumps are identified from the pump and motor nameplates. An EC declaration of conformity is provided in accordance with the EC directive 94/9/EC, the so-called ATEX directive. This declaration of conformity replaces the declaration of conformity in this manual.

#### Warning



To operate a pump which has been identified as an explosion-proof pump for the dosing of inflammable media or for operation in potentially explosive operating sites in accordance with the EC directive 94/9/EC, refer to the enclosed manual "ATEXapproved pumps" in addition to this manual.

#### If the assumption is made that a safe operation is no longer possible, switch off the pump and protect it against unintentional operation.

This action should be taken

- if the pump has been damaged.
- if the pump no longer seems to be operational.

• if the pump has been stored for an extended period of time inpoor conditions.

### 2.9 Safety of the system in the event of a failure in the dosing system

AquFlow dosing pumps are designed according to the latest technologies and are carefully manufactured and tested. However, a failure may occur in the dosing system. Systems in which dosing pumps are installed must be designed in such a way that the safety of the entire system is still ensured following afailure of the dosing pump. Provide the relevant monitoring and control functions for this.

#### PRECAUTIONS

The following precautions should be taken when working with metering pumps.

Please read this section carefully prior to installation.

#### **Protective Clothing**



**ALWAYS** wear protective clothing, face shield, safety glasses and gloves when working on or near your metering pump. Additional precautions should be taken depending on the solution being pumped. Refer to **Material Safety Data Sheets** for the solution being pumped.

#### **Hearing Protection**



It is recommended that hearing protection be used if the pump is in an environment where the time-weighted average sound level (TWA) of 85 decibels is exceeded. (as measured on the A scale -- slow response)

**Electrical Safety** 

• Remove power and ensure that it remains off while maintaining pump.

• DO NOT FORGET TO CONNECT THE PUMP TO EARTH

• Electric protection of the motor (Thermal protection or by means of fuses) is to correspond to the rated current indicated on the motor data plate.

#### Liquid Compatibility



Verify if the materials of construction of the wetted components of your pump are recommended for the solution (chemical) to be pumped.

#### **Pumps Water "Primed"**



All pumps are tested with water at the factory. If your process solution is not compatible with water, flush the **Pump Head Assembly** with an appropriate solution before introducing the process solution.

#### **Plumbing and Electrical Connections**

Always adhere to your local plumbing and electrical codes.

#### Line Depressurization



To reduce the risk of chemical contact during disassembly or maintenance, the suction and discharge lines should be depressurized before servicing.

#### **Over Pressure Protection**



To ensure safe operation of the system it is recommended that some type of safety/pressure-relief valve be installed to protect the piping and other system components from damage due to over-pressure.

Lifting



This manual should be used as a guide only - Follow your company's recommended lifting procedures. It is not intended to replace or take precedence over recommendations, policies and procedures judged as safe due to the local environment than what is contained herein. Use lifting equipment that is rated for the weight of the equipment to be lifted.

#### WARNING: LOCKOUTS ARE REQUIRED BEFORE SERVICING THIS EQUIPMENT

#### SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS:

Shut off/Lockout pump power before servicing. Be certain isolation valves are closed-chemical is shut off. Bleed pressure before servicing.

#### 3. Technical Data

#### SERIES 2000

#### Features

- Flow capacities up to 180 GPH (Duplex)
- Pressure Up to 1,800 PSI
- Modular design in aluminum housing
- Metering accuracy +/- 1%
- Easy capacity controls manual/auto
- Built in safety Internal relief valve
- Available in duplex to double flow capacity
- Ability to handle difficult liquids like slurries, off-gasing, and high viscosities

#### Specifications

Flow capacity adjustment – 0-100% While the pump is running or stopped

Turndown Ratio	Metering accuracy
Stroke length – 20:1	Steady state - +/- 1 %
Stroke frequency – 20:1	Linearity - +/- 1%
Combined – 200:1	Combined - +/- 1%

Maximum process fluid temperature

Custom engineered metallic liquid end: 500F Metallic liquid end/PTFE diaphragm: 250F (121C) Plastic Head: 140F (60C) Plunger stroke length: 1-1/2" Hydraulic oil capacity: 4 qts (Simplex & Duplex)

Displacement per stroke - by plunger size

5/8" - 0.2938 cu. in. (4.81 ml) 3/4" - 0.6976 cu. in. (11.43 ml) 1" - 1.1334 cu. in. (18.57 ml) 1-1/4" - 1.8757 cu. in. (30.74 ml) 1-1/2" - 2.0797 cu. in. (34.08 ml)

#### Liquid End Material Options 316SS, Alloy 20, Hastelloy C, PVC, PVDF, and PTFE

#### Series 2000 Performance Table:

AquFlow Model Number	Capacity GPH (LPH)	Pressure PSIG (bars)	Speed (SPM)	Plunger Diameter
CD3T 0529-0X014 CD3T 0558-0X014 CD3T 0597-0X014 CD3T 0512-0X014 CD3T 0514-0X014 CD3T 0519-0X014	3.98 (10.6) 7.97 (21.2) 13.3 (36.0) 16.07 (43.2) 19.2 (51.9) 26.2 (70.8)	1,800 (124)	29 58 97 117 140 191	5/8"
CD3T 0629-0X014 CD3T 0658-0X014 CD3T 0697-0X014 CD3T 0612-0X014 CD3T 0614-0X014 CD3T 0619-0X015	4.7 (17.8) 9.4 (35.6) 15.7 (59.8) 19.0 (71.9) 22.7 (85.6) 31.0 (117.3)	1,000 (69)	29 58 97 117 140 191	3/4"
CD3T 0829-0X014 CD3T 0858-0X014 CD3T 0897-0X014 CD3T 0812-0X015 CD3T 0814-0X015 CD3T 0819-0X015	7.68 (28.8) 15.37 (57.5) 25.7 (96.1) 31.0 (115.8) 37.09 (138.9) 50.61 (189.3)	360 (25)	29 58 97 117 140 191	1"
CD3T 1029-0X014 CD3T 1058-0X014 CD3T 1097-0X018 CD3T 1012-0X018 CD3T 1014-0X018 CD3T 1019-0X018	12.67 (45.4) 25.35 (90.8) 42.39 (151.4) 51.13 (185.5) 61.18 (227.1) 83.47 (302.8)	210 (14)	29 58 97 117 140 191	1-1/4"
CD3T 1229-0X014 CD3T 1258-0X015 CD3T 1297-0X018 CD3T 1212-0X018 CD3T 1214-0X018 CD3T 1214-0X018	16.0 (53.0) 32.07 (106.0) 53.63 (177.9) 64.68.0 (212.0) 77.4 (253.6) 105.6 (340.6)	195 (13)	29 58 97 117 140 191	1-1/2"

#### 4. Transport and Delivery

#### 4.1 Delivery

Your new AquFlow metering pump will be shipped mounted on a 3/4" thick plywood inside a master carton with a cardboard insert for both strength of the carton, but also to prevent the pump from moving inside the carton during transportation.

Carefully check the packaging for any signs of damages. Take pictures if necessary and have the delivery driver sign for these damages when submitting transportation damage claims.

#### 4.2 Unpacking

Your pump will have at least the following:

- Pump unit mounted on a 3/4" plywood
- 2 qt. of Hydraulic oil
- Instruction manual

Check the pump's label to make sure that the model and capacity is exactly what you ordered. Check the motor's nameplate for the correct voltage according to your specification and that it matches with the supply voltage to run the motor installed on your pump.



### Please visit www.aquflowpumps.com/videos to view the unpacking procedure.

#### 4.3 Intermediate storage

- If the pump is to be stored for a period not exceeding six months, leave the pump in its original packaging in upright position, but fill the pump with hydraulic oil to capacity to protect internal components from moisture contamination.
- 2. Store the pump in a dry environment.
- If storing the pump for more than 6 months, run the pump for a few minutes every 6 months to prevent oil deposit from forming.

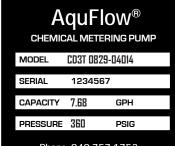
#### 4.4 Returning the unit to the factory for repair or evaluation

- 1. Call the factory and get an RMA (Return Material Authorization) number. The factory or its agent will send you an RMA form to fill out. This form will be required to be e-mailed back.
- 2. Drain the oil from the pump and replace the drain plug.
- 3. Remove and do not send the motor if instructed by the factory or its agent to save on freight cost.
- 4. Completely drain and flush the process fluid from the pump, neutralizing the fluid with water. Failure to do so could result in your pump being rejected by the factory and returned to you at your cost. No traces of any chemical should be left in the pump being returned.
- 5. Pack the unit properly.
- 6. Attach the RMA form and any MSDS of the liquid used on your pump.

7. Ship the pump and advise the factory of the tracking number. If the pump is damaged through shipping, the customer will be responsible for that damage.

#### AQUFLOW PUMP LABEL

Always have the complete pump model and serial number available when contacting Aquflow for parts or service. This model number can be found on the data plate mounted on the back of the pump housing.



Phone: 949-757-1753 sales@aquflow.com www.aquflow.com

#### 5. Product Overview AQUFLOW HYDRAULIC METERING PUMP MODEL CODE Typical AquFlow Model: AAAB CC(C)DD--EEFFGH(HP)

#### AAA: AquFlow Pump Series Identifier

Series 900 - DM3 (Standard), DL4, DL3, etc. Series 1000 - CJ4 (Standard), CA4, CJ3, etc. Series 2000 - CD3 (Standard), CR3, CQ3, CL3, etc. Series 3000 - CNI (Standard), KBI, HFI, CMI etc. Series 4000 - GNI (Standard), GMI etc

#### **B: Main Pumping Element**

T = Single PTFE Disc Diaphragm W = Double PTFE Disc Diaphragm A = Single Hypalon Tube B = Single Viton Tube

#### CC/CCC: Plunger Diameter

nooo. r runger	Diamotor
Series 1000	Series 3000
38 = 3/8"	08 = 1"
56 = 9/16"	10 = 1-1/4"
75 = 3/4"	12 = 1-1/2"
87 = 7/8"	14 = 1-3/4"
113 = 1-1/8"	16 = 2"
162 = 1-5/8"	18 = 2-1/4"
	20 = 2-1/2"
Series 2000	Series 4000
05 = 5/8"	07 = 7/8"
06 = 3/4"	09 = 1-1/8"
08 = 1"	13 = 1-9/16"
10 = 1-1/4"	20 = 2-1/2"
12 = 1-1/2"	24 = 3"

		32 =	4"
DD: Strokes	Per	Minute	

29 = 29 SPM

44 = 44 SPM

58 = 58 SPM

88 = 88 SPM

97 = 97 SPM

12 = 117 SPM 14 = 140 SPM 17 = 170 SPM 19 = 190 SPM

#### EE: Liguid End Material

04 = 316 Stainless Steel 05 = Alloy 20 06 = Hastelloy C 08 = PVC 0A = Kynar (PVDF)

#### FF: Configuration Code

01 = Simplex Manual Adjustment

- 02 = Duplex Manual Adjustment
- 03 = Simplex Pneumatic Adjustment
- 04 = Duplex Pnematic Adjustment
- 05 = Simplex Electronic (4-20mA)
- 06 = Duplex Electronic (4-20mA)

#### G: Valve Ball Size

3 = 1/4"	8 = 7/8"	D = 2" Disc Valve
4 = 3/8"	9 = 1"	E = 2-1/4" Disc Valve
5 = 1/2"	A = 1-1/4"	F = 2-1/2" Disc Valve
6 = 5/8"	B = 1-1/2"	G = 3" Disc Valve
7 = 3/4"	C = 1-3/4"	H = 4" Disc Valve
V = 1/2" Double	W = 7/8" Double	Z = 3/8" Double
Ball Valve Check	Ball Valve Check	Ball Valve Check

#### H: Liquid Connection

Blank = NPT F = Flange X = Other

#### I: Degassing Valve

Blank = No degassing valve D = Degassing valve

HP: High Pressure For a high pressure pump, add (HP) to model code

#### AquFlow Also Offers: SERIES 1000

#### Features

- Flow capacities up to 61 GPH (Simplex), 123 GPH (Duplex)
- Pressure Up to 4,000 PSI
- Unibody Design Less Parts
- Metering accuracy +/- 1%
- · Easy capacity controls manual/auto
- Built in safety Internal relief valve
- Available in duplex to double flow capacity
- Ability to handle difficult liquids like slurries, off-gasing, and high viscosities

#### Specifications

Flow capacity adjustment – 0-100% While the pump is running or stopped

*Turndown Ratio* Stroke length – 10:1 Stroke frequency – 10:1 Combined – 100:1 Metering Accuracy Steady state - +/- 1 % Linearity - +/- 1% Combined - +/- 1%

Maximum process fluid temperature Custom engineered metallic liquid end: 500F Metallic liquid end/PTFE diaphragm: 250F (121C) Plastic Head: 140F (60C) Plunger stroke length: 0.75 Hydraulic oil capacity: 2qts (simplex) 3qts (Duplex)

Displacement per stroke - by plunger size 3/8" - 0.08257 cu. in. (1.353 ml) 9/16" - 0.18595 cu. in. (3.047 ml) 3/4" - 0.33073 cu. in. (5.419 ml) 7/8" - 0.450246 cu. in. (7.378 ml) 1-1/8" - 0.78649 cu. in. (12.888 ml) 1-5/8" - 1.5537 cu. in. (25.461 ml)

Liquid End Material Options 316SS, Alloy 20, Hastelloy C, PVC, PVDF, and PTFE

#### Series 1000 Performance Table:

AquFlow Model Number	Capacity GPH (LPH)	Pressure PSIG (bars)	Speed (SPM)	Plunger Diameter
CA4T 3829-0X013 CA4T 3858-0X013 CA4T 3897-0X013 CA4T 3812-0X013 CA4T 3814-0X013 CA4T 3814-0X013	0.55 (2.1) 1.10 (4.2) 1.85 (7.0) 2.25 (8.5) 2.70 (10.2) 3.28 (12.4)	4,000 (275)	29 58 97 117 140 170	3/8"
CJ4T 5629-0X014 CJ4T 5658-0X014 CJ4T 5697-0X014 CJ4T 5612-0X014 CJ4T 5614-0X014 CJ4T 5617-0X014	1.25 (4.7) 2.50 (9.5) 4.20 (15.9) 5.10 (19.3) 6.09 (23.1) 7.40 (28.0)	2,000 (75)	29 58 97 117 140 170	9/16"
CJ4T 7529-0X014 CJ4T 7558-0X014 CJ4T 7557-0X014 CJ4T 7512-0X014 CJ4T 7514-0X014 CJ4T 7514-0X014	2.25 (8.5) 4.50 (17.1) 7.50 (28.4) 9.05 (34.3) 10.8 (40.9) 13.1 (49.6)	1,100 (75)	29 58 97 117 140 170	3/4"
CJ4T 8729-0X014 CJ4T 8758-0X014 CJ4T 8797-0X014 CJ4T 8712-0X014 CJ4T 8712-0X014 CJ4T 8714-0X014 CJ4T 8717-0X014	3.05 (11.5) 6.10 (23.0) 10.2 (38.6) 12.5 (47.3) 14.7 (55.6) 17.9 (67.8)	700 (48)	29 58 97 117 140 170	7/8"
CJ4T 11329-0X014 CJ4T 11358-0X014 CJ4T 11397-0X014 CJ4T 11312-0X014 CJ4T 11312-0X014 CJ4T 11314-0X014 CJ4T 11317-0X014	5.33 (20.2) 10.6 (40.1) 17.8 (67.4) 22.0 (83.3) 25.7 (97.3) 31.1 (117.7)	425 (48)	29 58 97 117 140 170	1-1/8"
CJ4T 16229-0X018 CJ4T 16258-0X018 CJ4T 16297-0X018 CJ4T 16212-0X018 CJ4T 16214-0X018 CJ4T 16217-0X018	10.5 (39.7) 21.0 (79.5) 35.3 (133.6) 42.5 (160.9) 50.8 (192.3) 61.7 (233.5)	200 (13)	29 58 97 117 140 170	1-5/8"

#### AquFlow Also Offers: SERIES 3000

#### Features

- Flow capacities up to 920 GPH (Duplex)
- Pressure Up to 700 PSI
- Modular design in aluminum housing
- Metering accuracy +/- 1%
- Easy capacity controls manual/auto
- Built in safety Internal relief valve
- Available in duplex to double flow capacity
- Ability to handle difficult liquids like slurries, off-gasing, and high viscosities

#### Specifications

Flow capacity adjustment – 0-100% While the pump is running or stopped

Turndown Ratio	Metering Accuracy
Stroke length – 36:1	Steady state - +/- 1 %
Stroke frequency – 36:1	Linearity - +/- 1%
Combined – 360:1	Combined - +/- 1%

Maximum process fluid temperature Custom engineered metallic liquid end: 500F Metallic liquid end/PTFE diaphragm: 250F (121C) Plastic Head: 140F (60C) Plunger stroke length: 3" Hydraulic oil capacity: 12 qts

Displacement per stroke - by plunger size 1" - 2.3469 cu. in. (38.46 ml) 1-1/4" - 3.6738 cu. in. (60.20 ml) 1-1/2" - 5.2906 cu. in. (86.70 ml) 1-3/4" - 7.2063 cu. in. (118.09 ml) 2" - 9.4102 cu. in. (154.21 ml) 2-1/4" - 11.9023 cu. in. (195.04 ml) 2-1/2" - 14.1561 cu. in. (231.98 ml)

#### Liquid End Material Options 316SS, Alloy 20, Hastelloy C, PVC, PVDF, and PTFE

#### Series 3000 Performance Table:

AquFlow Model Number	Capacity GPH (LPH)	Pressure PSIG (bars)	Speed (SPM)	Plunger Diameter
CNIT 0844-0X018 CNIT 0858-0X018 CNIT 0888-0X018 CNIT 0812-0X018 CNIT 0812-0X018	24.1 (60.2) 31.9 (120.7) 48.0 (181.7) 64.0 (242.3) 76.0 (287.7)	700 (48)	44 58 88 117 140	1"
CNIT 1044-0X018 CNIT 1058-0X018 CNIT 1088-0X018 CNIT 1012-0X018 CNIT 1012-0X018	37.8 (94.6) 50.0 (189.3) 75.7 (286.5) 100 (378.5) 120 (454.2)	405 (28)	44 58 88 117 140	1-1/4"
CNIT 1244-0X018 CNIT 1258-0X018 CNIT 1288-0X018 CNIT 1212-0X018 CNIT 1214-0X01A	54.4 (135.9) 71.8 (271.8) 109 (412.6) 145 (548.9) 173 (654.9)	265 (18)	44 58 88 117 140	1-1/2"
CNIT 1444-0X018 CNIT 1458-0X018 CNIT 1488-0X018 CNIT 1412-0X01A CNIT 1414-0X01A	74 (185.1) 97.8 (370.2) 148 (560.2) 197 (745.7) 236 (893.4)	180 (12)	44 58 88 117 140	1-3/4"
CNIT 1644-0X018 CNIT 1658-0X018 CNIT 1688-0X01A CNIT 1612-0X01B CNIT 1614-0X01B	96.8 (241.9) 128 (484.5) 194 (724.4) 258 (976.6) 308 (1,165.9)	130 (9)	44 58 88 117 140	2"
CNIT 1844-0X018 CNIT 1858-0X018 CNIT 1888-0X01A CNIT 1812-0X01B CNIT 1814-0X01C	122.4 (305.9) 161 (609.5) 245 (927.4) 326 (1,234.0) 389 (1,476.3)	95 (6)	44 58 88 117 140	2-1/4"
CNIT 2044-0X018 CNIT 2058-0X01A CNIT 2088-0X01B CNIT 2012-0X01C CNIT 2014-0X01C	145 (378.5) 191 (757.1) 291 (1,135.6) 387 (1,514.2) 463 (1,824.6)	75 (5)	44 58 88 117 140	2-1/2"

#### AquFlow Also Offers: SERIES 4000

#### Features

- Flow capacities up to 3530 GPH (Duplex)
- Pressure Up to 3,500 PSI
- Modular design in aluminum housing
- Metering accuracy +/- 1%
- Easy capacity controls manual/auto
- Built in safety Internal relief valve
- Available in duplex to double flow capacity
- Ability to handle difficult liquids like slurries, off-gasing, and high viscosities

#### Specifications

Flow capacity adjustment – 0-100% While the pump is running or stopped

*Turndown Ratio* Stroke length – 48:1 Stroke frequency – 48:1 Combined – 480:1 Metering Accuracy Steady state - +/- 1 % Linearity - +/- 1% Combined - +/- 1%

Maxiumum process fluid temperature Custom engineered metallic liquid end: 500F Metallic liquid end/PTFE diaphragm: 250F (121C) Plastic Head: 140F (60C) Plunger stroke length: 4.01" Hydraulic oil capacity: 52 qts

Displacement per stroke - by plunger size 7/8" - 2.2698 in (37.19 ml) 1-1/8" - 3.8013 in (62.29 ml) 1-9/16" - 7.6453 in (125.29 ml) 2-1/2" - 19.63 in (321.77 ml) 3" - 28.1989 in (462.12 ml) 4" - 50.34 (824.99 ml)

Liquid End Material Options 316SS, Alloy 20, Hastelloy C, PVC, PVDF, and PTFE

#### Series 4000 Performance Table:

AquFlow Model Number	Capacity GPH (LPH)	Pressure PSIG (bars)	Speed (SPM)	Plunger Diameter
GNIT 0744-0X01A GNIT 0770-0X01A GNIT 0788-0X01A GNIT 0714-0X01A	22.6 (85.5) 36.0 (136.3) 45.0 (170.3) 72.0 (272.5)	3,500 (241)	44 70 88 140	7/8"
GNIT 0944-0X01A GNIT 0970-0X01A GNIT 0988-0X01A GNIT 0914-0X01A	38.5 (145.7) 61.5 (232.8) 77.0 (291.5) 123 (465.6)	2,000 (138)	44 70 88 140	1-1/8"
GNIT 1344-0X01F GNIT 1370-0X01F GNIT 1388-0X01F GNIT 1314-0X01F	79.5 (300.9) 126 (477.0) 159 (601.9) 253 (957.7)	1,000 (69)	44 70 88 140	1-9/16"
GNIT 2044-0X01F GNIT 2070-0X01F GNIT 2088-0X01F GNIT 2014-0X01F	210 (794.9) 335 (1,268.1) 421 (1,593.7) 671 (2,540.0)	370 (26)	44 70 88 140	2-1/2"
GNIT 2444-0X01H GNIT 2470-0X01H GNIT 2488-0X01H GNIT 2414-0X01H	304 (1,150.8) 485 (1,835.9) 609 (2,305.3) 970 (3,671.8)	295 (20)	44 70 88 140	3"
GNIT 3244-0X01H GNIT 3270-0X01H GNIT 3288-0X01H GNIT 3214-0X01H	554 (2,097.1) 882 (3,338.7) 1,109 (4,198.0) 1,765 (6,681.2)	160 (11)	44 70 88 140	4"

#### AquFlow Also Offers: SERIES 900

#### Features

- Flow capacities up to 6.5 GPH (Duplex)
- Pressure Up to 3,000 PSI
- Modular design in aluminum housing
- Metering accuracy +/- 1%
- Easy capacity controls manual/auto
- Built in safety Internal relief valve
- Available in duplex to double flow capacity
- Ability to handle difficult liquids like slurries, off-gasing, and high viscosities

#### Specifications

Flow capacity adjustment – 0-100% While the pump is running or stopped

Turndown Ratio	Metering Accuracy
Stroke length – 10:1	Steady state - +/- 1 %
Stroke frequency – 10:1	Linearity - +/- 1%
Combined – 100:1	Combined - +/- 1%

Maxiumum process fluid temperature Custom engineered metallic liquid end: 500F Metallic liquid end/PTFE diaphragm: 250F (121C) Plastic Head: 140F (60C) Plunger stroke length: 0.754" Hydraulic Oil Type F capacity: 1 qts Gear Oil capacity: 1 qts

Displacement per stroke - by plunger size 3/16" - 0.0207 in (0.33 ml) 1/4" - 0.0368 in (0.60 ml) 3/8" - 0.0828 in (1.35 ml)

Liquid End Material Options 316SS, Alloy 20, Hastelloy C, PVC, PVDF, and PTFE

#### Series 900 Performance Table:

AquFlow Model Number	Capacity GPH (LPH)	Pressure PSIG (bars)	Speed (SPM)	Plunger Diameter
DM3T 1929-0X013 DM3T 1958-0X013 DM3T 1997-0X013 DM3T 1912-0X013 DM3T 1914-0X013 DM3T 1917-0X013	0.14 (0.53) 0.28 (1.06) 0.47 (1.78) 0.56 (2.12) 0.67 (2.54) 0.82 (3.10)	3,000 (200)	29 58 97 117 140 170	3/16"
DM3T 2529-0X013 DM3T 2558-0X013 DM3T 2597-0X013 DM3T 2512-0X013 DM3T 2514-0X013 DM3T 2517-0X013	0.24 (0.91) 0.49 (1.85) 0.82 (3.10) 1.00 (3.79) 1.19 (4.50) 1.44 (5.45)	3,000 (200)	29 58 97 117 140 170	1/4"
DM3T 3829-0X013 DM3T 3858-0X013 DM3T 3897-0X013 DM3T 3812-0X013 DM3T 3814-0X013 DM3T 3814-0X013	0.55 (2.08) 1.11 (4.20) 1.86 (7.04) 2.24 (8.48) 2.69 (10.18) 3.25 (12.30)	3,000 (200)	29 58 97 117 140 170	3/8"

#### 6. Installation



If pump is not going to be installed immediately, but will be placed in storage for a period not exceeding 6 months, see Section 4.3 for instructions.

#### 6.1 General information on installation

Prior to shipment, each pump is factory tested under application hydraulic conditions, using water. The internal relief valve is preset to meet the operating conditions specified on the purchase order, and the pump is fully assembled and ready for installation. Protective caps are used to cover the suction and discharge check valves during shipment, and containers of hydraulic oil have been included in the shipping carton.

When unpacking the pump, make certain that no loose components are accidentally discarded. Examine the pump for shipping damage. If damage has occurred, a claim must be filed with the freight carrier within 24 hours.

#### 6.2 Location

- 1. The pump installation site should provide easy access for capacity adjustment, routine maintenance, and where possible, to protect the pump from the elements and from leaks or drips from other process equipment.
- 2. The pump should be located on a level surface. While not required, it is suggested that the pump be bolted on a concrete pad or slightly raised platform above floor level to protect pump from washdowns.
- Pumps installed outdoors should be shaded from direct sunlight and protected from the elements. Direct sunshine and ambient temperatures above 90°F could cause excessive hydraulic oil and motor temperatures.

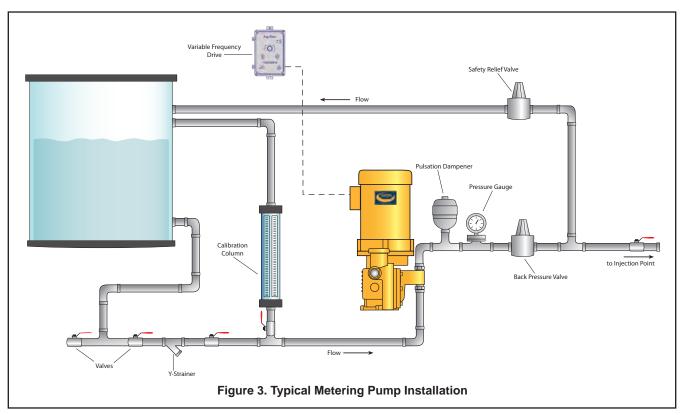
Installations with ambient temperatures outside 50-100°F require changing the oil to a different viscosity index to assure reliable performance. In extreme old temperatures, insulation and heat tracing maybe required.

#### 6.3 Piping

- The Aquflow® Series 2000 is a reciprocating motion type pump. Therefore, size the piping system to accommodate peak instantaneous flow which is 3.14 times pump capacity (example: 60gph x 3.14 = 188 gph). Failure to do so may restrict fluid flows, resulting in erratic pump performance.
- Piping materials selected must be resistant to corrosion by the liquid being pumped, and rated to withstand maximum pressure and temperatures of the system.
- 3. When determining pipe size, be certain that it is equal to, or the next size larger than, the pump check valve connections.
- 4. When selecting fittings for use with flexible hose or tubing, be certain that the I.D. is equal to or larger than that of the tubing. Failure to do so may restrict fluid flows, resulting in erratic pump performance.
- 5. Use pipe sealant(s) sparingly. Excess sealant could dislodge and impede proper check valve operation. Be particularly careful when making pipe connections to plastic pump heads, since use of excessive sealant and/or overtightening may crack plastic pump heads.
- Shut-off valves and unions installed in the suction and discharge pipelines will facilitate pump servicing. Please refer to Figure 3 for a typical installation.

#### 6.4 Suction piping

- Before connecting the pump, be certain that the suction piping is completely clean by flushing thoroughly. Failure to do so may result in foreign matter entering and damaging the pump.
- 2. Keep the suction line as short and straight as possible. A flooded suction or gravity feed of the process fluid to the pump inlet is preferred. A suction line strainer is highly recommended to prevent foreign matter from entering and damaging the pump.



- Note Please consult factory for suction lift application. Some chemicals tend to off gas more in suction lift. Suction lift applications require the use of a foot valve and strainer to prevent loss of prime and to prevent foreign material from entering the pump.
- Suction piping must be absolutely airtight to assure accurate pumping. If air or gas is allowed to accumulate inside the pump head, the output will become erratic or stop altogether.
- Piping should be sloped to prevent the formation of vapor pockets, which could eventually accumulate inside the pump head resulting in erratic pump delivery.
- 5. Provide necessary pipe supports to avoid placing strain on the pump connections. Flexible connections can be used if pressure permits. If flexible suction line is used, be sure that selection and installation will prevent wall collapse and thus a starved suction condition.
- 6. Provision should be made in the system to avoid the possibility of running the pump dry. Typically this is accomplished by wiring a low-level shut-off switch mounted in the supply tank to the pump motor starter.
- Where pump fluids may solidify, crystallize, etc., provision should be made to flush the pump and piping regularly, especially prior to shutdown.

#### 6.5 Discharge piping

- 1. Install adequately sized pipe with a pressure rating in excess of the pressure relief valve setting.
- 2. A minimum positive pressure differential of 25 psi between the suction and discharge valves is recommended for proper hydraulic bypass operation and seating of the ball checks. Should normal discharge pressure be less than the suction pressure, an artificial discharge pressure must be created to prevent siphoning. This can be accomplished by the use of a back pressure valve installed in the discharge piping.
- A properly sized pulsation dampener installed in the discharge pipeline between the pump and back pressure valve will smooth out flow peaks, reduce "water hammer" and protect downstream instrumentation.
- AquFlow suggests placing a pressure gauge with isolator close to the discharge of the pump to visually see the proper functioning of the pump.

Caution The internal relief valve is designed only to protect the pump and drive components in the event the piping system is restricted or blocked while the pump is in operation. If there are other sources of pressure or hydraulically isolated sections of piping in the system, an external safety relief valve must be installed in the pump discharge line as close to the pump as possible, and BEFORE any isolation valve. The safety relief valve should be piped back to the suction tank or safety drain as shown in Figure 3.

5. We also strongly suggest that the back pressure valve be located as close to the discharge valve of the pump as possible (in the range of 10 to 20 times the pipe diameter).

#### 7. Electrical Connections

#### 7.1 Power connections

- Check the nameplate rating of the motor and any auxiliary electrical equipment against the available power supply before making connections. Direction of rotation of the motor is important, and must be clockwise when viewing the motor from the top. Jog the motor to check rotation.
- Standard wiring and conduit piping practice in accordance with local electrical codes should be followed. A motor starter with properly sized thermal overload heater is recommended.
- 3. Provide adequate ventilation for the drive motor.

Caution Mo

Note

Motor starters with properly sized thermal overload are recommended for motor protection.

Motors are warranted by the motor manufacturer.

J You can obtain prompt local serviceby consulting the motor manufacturer's authorized service station nearest you, as listed on the Internet or in the yellow pages. AquFlow can also assist you in locating this information.



All electrical connections must be done by a qualified electrician!



Please ensure that the nearby environment does not have any flammable liquids/fumes.

#### 8. Start-up/shutdown

from 50-100°F.

#### 8.1 Start-up inspection

Several items should be checked after the pump has been installed and prior to initial start-up.

1. Series 2000 pumps are shipped with hydraulic oil supplied separately in 1-quart containers.

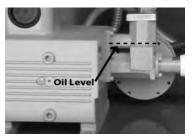
# Note

Please visit www.aquflowpumps.com/videos to view how to load oil into the pump.

The oil shipped with the pump is for the typical

application - operation at ambient temperatures

Remove the reservoir cover and slowly pour in the hydraulic oil until it reaches the level mark shown on the pump housing.



- 2. Check to be certain that accessory components and fittings have been installed in the proper orientation and sequence as shown in Figure 3.
- 3. Check to be certain that the electrical supply matches the pump nameplate electrical characteristics.
- Make certain that suction and discharge valves are open prior to pump start-up.
- 5. Jog motor to assure proper clockwise rotation.
- 6. After initial filling, run the pump for 15 minutes with micrometer knob set at 0% to allow hydraulic oil to completely fill all pump cavities, then recheck level and add oil as necessary. Smaller plunger size pumps may require longer running at 0% micrometer setting to fully vent entrained air from the hydraulic oil.
- 7. It is important that pump suction and discharge lines are free of entrained air. To assure proper start-up, start the pump without any discharge pressure (vented to atmosphere) and with the micrometer set at 0% capacity. Slowly turn the micrometer towards 100% capacity to fill the pumping system with process fluid.
- Note Note On suction lift applications, it may be necessary to prime the pump by first wetting the ball check valves, and starting the pump without any discharge pressure (vented to atmosphere). Suction lift applications require the use of a footvalve strainer to prevent loss of prime.

#### 8.1A Purging the air from the hydraulic side

It is very important to ensure that there is no trapped air of even the smallest volume on the hydraulic side of the pump. Any trapped air on the hydraulic or process side of the pump will prevent the pump from working accurately. It will use the displacement to compress and expand air instead of pushing the liquid.

An effective way of eliminating air on the hydraulic side is as follows:

- 1. Start the pump with all valves on the discharge side open while ensuring the capacity adjuster is at 0%.
- After running so for 15 minutes, slowly turn the capacity adjuster (micrometer) knob to 100%. Smaller plunger pumps may need to run longer.
- 3. Add oil through the chimney if you see the oil has dropped below the marking.



Please visit www.aquflowpumps.com/videos to view a demonstration of the bleeding air procedure.

4. Turn down the capacity adjuster to 70% for 5-10 minutes and then bring it back up to 100%.

#### 8.1B Purging air from the process side

It is very important to ensure that there is no trapped air of even the smallest volume on the process side of the pump. Any trapped air on the hydraulic or process side of the pump will prevent the pump from wokring accurately. It will use the displacement to compress and expand air instead of pushing the liquid.

An effective way of eliminating air on the process side is as follows:

- 1. While you were removing air from the hydraulic side in 8.1A, you had all valves open on the process discharge piping.
- 2. Run the pump at 100% stroke and 100% speed for 5-10 minutes.
- 3. Slowly close the Back Pressure Valve to start building pressure.
- 4. Monitor the pressure on the pressure gauge until it reaches the design pressure.
- 5. If you do not see the design pressure or the rated flow, open the Back Pressure Valve to let the air out and away.
- 6. Repeat the opening and closing of the Back Pressure Valve a couple of more time if necessary.
- 7. If the pump still does not give the rated flow, turn the capacity adjuster (micrometer) knob down to 0%. Then again, slowly increase it back up to 100%.

#### 8.2 Pump calibration

Each pump is tested at the factory prior to shipment to assure proper operation at the capacity and discharge pressure specified. For precise capacity control in the field, a calibration test under actual pumping and piping conditions is recommended. This can be accomplished by allowing the pump to operate at full capacity for a minimum of 30 minutes. This will clear any air out of the pump.

Pump calibration can be accomplished by measuring the decrease in liquid level pumped from a HydroChek<sup>™</sup> calibration column installed in the suction line as shown in Figure 3 on page 9. Follow the calibration instructions provided by the cylinder manufacturer. An alternate method of calibration for non-hazardous applications is to collect and measure the fluid metered from the pump discharge port into a graduated cylinder or tank.

Typically, test samples are collected at 25%, 50%,75% and 100% capacity settings. A straight line results when these points are plotted on a graph. This graph can then be used for intermediate settings, assuming suction and discharge conditions remain constant.



Use extreme care when performing calibration test using open cylinder or tank method, and be extremely careful when working in the presence of hazardous substances. Wear suitable protective clothing and eyeshielding for protection.

It is important to realize that the samples at 50% will not necessarily be exactly 1/2 of that at 100%, nor will any other sample points be a specific percentage of the 100% value. But, the sample value will lie along a straight line that can be used for intermediate settings, and the pump will give repetitive samples at the same setting. This last characteristic is what makes the AquFlow<sup>®</sup> Series 2000 pump effective; it will meter chemicals precisely within ±1% of capacity set point over long periods of time. Also, as operating discharge pressures increase, there are additional hydraulic system losses which are constant for any given discharge pressure.

This results in a small decrease in the maximum capacity output of the pump. All AquFlow<sup>®</sup> capacity/pressure charts used for pump selection have a base pressure rating of 100 psig. For higher discharge pressure decrease maximum capacity by 1.25% for every 100 psig increase.

#### 9. Maintenance and repair w/ parts breakdown



Disconnect and lockout power to the pump before performing service or disassembling the pump.

#### 9.1 Preventative Maintenance

The Series 2000 metering pump is designed for continuous service with maximum reliability and minimum downtime. However, good maintenance procedures dictate that certain visual periodic checks be made to assure that operating problems have not developed.

- 1. Check the hydraulic oil level periodically, to be sure it is at the proper level mark, and adjust as necessary.
- Inspect the liquid end assembly, including the suction and discharge connections for any indication of leakage, and correct as necessary.
- 3. Hydraulic oil should be replaced once a year following the procedures outlined under "Oil Change."

#### 9.2 Recommended spare parts (for metallic liquid end)



To minimize downtime, the following spare parts should be inventoried to support each pump. These spare parts are available in vacuum-sealed packaging, which provides infinite shelf life when properly stored.

- (1) Diaphragm [a]
- Diaphragm O-Ring [b]
   Check Valve Balls\*\*
- Support O-Ring [c]
   Check Valve Seats\*\*
- (2) Gear Shaft O-Rings [e]
- (2) Stroke O-Rings
  - (2) Drive Lubricant [f]
  - \*\*Included in Check Valve Assembly [d]

#### 9.3 Oil change

- Under normal operating conditions the hydraulic oil should be drained and replaced once a year. In severe applications the hydraulic oil should be changed more frequently.
- 2. Drain hydraulic oil using the drain plug on the side of the pump. (For convenience the drain plug can be replaced with a quick draw fitting or valve and short nipple.)



The recommended lubricant for AquFlow<sup>®</sup> Series 2000 is Zurn E.P. #95, for normal operation. Various manufacturers' equivalent oils are listed below:

(Indoor, temperature controlled ambient)

ZURN	EP Lube #EP95
Amoco	Permagear #220
Drydene	E.P. Gear Oil #5
Exxon	Spartan #EP220
Mobil	Mobilgear #630
Shell	Omala #220
Texaco	Meropa #220
ATF	Type F Hydraulic Oil

For applications with different ambient or fluid temperatures, please consult factory for alternate lubricant recommendations.

#### 9.4 Check valves

#### 9.4A Series 2000 check valve replacement - plastic

AquFlow Series 2000 models with plastic diaphragm heads (whether it is made of PVC or PVDF) have the same internal seat design inside the diaphragm head. Due to the o-rings that are on these seats removal from the diaphragm head can be tricky. The valve seats can be replaced without having to remove the diaphragm head from the pump or draining the oil, and only requires minimal tools.

#### TOOLS REQUIRED

- Compressed air with about 30 to 40 psiG in the tank and a blow gun attached to the air hose
- A pair of channellock pliers for removing the valve cap
- Hook pick for removing the O-rings
- One 1/2" hose adapter with 3/4" MNPT
- One ½" hose adapter with ½" MNPT
- Long nose pair of pliers
- Shop rags

Refer to sub-assembly drawing on page \*\*\*.

The first step is to ensure that the chemical inside the pump has been thoroughly flushed with a neutralizing liquid for your own safety. Refer to the cut-away drawing on page 17 of this manual for component reference.

#### REMOVAL OF VALVE SEAT

- 1. After the pump has been completely flushed with neutralizing liquid, remove the inlet and outlet piping to the pump.
- 2. Remove the Discharge valve cap (9402) from the diaphragm head (9401) using a channel lock pliers by rotating the cap in CCW fashion.
- Install the ¾" MNPT hose adapter on the inlet side of the diaphragm head. The idea is to introduce sufficient air pressure into the inlet side of the pump just to lift the discharge check valve seat (9403) from its pocket.
- 4. Put the compressed air blow gun into the hose adapter and with your left index finger press firmly on the ceramic ball (9404). In some cases higher air pressure maybe required to unseat the valve seat from its pocket.
- 5. Introduce a quick burst of compressed air into the adapter until check valve seat is fully lifted from its pocket in the diaphragm head. Make sure you do not loose the ceramic ball in this process.

- 6. To remove the suction or inlet valve seat (9403), remove the valve cap (9402) from the suction side of the diaphragm head (9401) using channel lock pliers and rotate in CW fashion.
- Replace the discharge side valve cap (9402) and install the ½" MNPT hose adapter on discharge side of the diaphragm head.
- 8. Using the palm of your hand cover the valve cap hole of the suction side to catch the removal of the ball and seat once a short burst of air is introduced into the hose adapter.

#### INSTALLATION OF NEW CHECK VALVE SEATS

Replacement of AquFlows' check valve seats on Series 1000 is very simple and can be done without having to drain the oil in the pump or removal of the diaphragm head. This instructional video assumes that the seats have been removed from the diaphragm head already and that the seat pockets have been cleaned of any debris. Refer to the cut-away drawing on page 17 of this manual for component reference.

#### DISCHARGE SIDE

- 1. Install the o-ring on the valve seat (9403) (if not already installed by the factory) drop in the check valve seat with the rounded profile facing down into the diaphragm head (9401).
- 2. Replace the o-ring on the valve cap (9402).
- 3. Place the ceramic ball (9404) on the center hole of the valve seat (9403).
- 4. Carefully screw in the valve cap (9402) into the diaphragm head making sure not to cross the threads. Tighten the cap with a channel lock pliers until the head of the valve cap (9402) makes contact with the diaphragm head surface.

#### SUCTION SIDE

- 1. With one hand hold the valve cap (9402) on it's knurls with the thread facing up.
- 2. Place the valve seat (9403) on top of the valve cap (9402).
- 3. Place the ceramic ball on the center hole of the valve seat (9403) and carefully insert these from below the diaphragm head pocket. Make sure that the ball does not fall out of place.
- 4. Screw in the valve cap into the diaphragm head making sure not to cross the thread.
- 5. Tighten the cap with a channel lock pliers until the head of the valve cap (9402) makes contact with the diaphragm head surface.

Run the pump following the start up procedure and check the valve cap are for any signs of liquid leaks.

#### 9.4B Series 2000 check valve replacement - metallic

AquFlow's Series 2000 Metallic liquid end uses 4 different types and check ball sizes of check valve assemblies. The most common is the non-serviceable type which must be replaced as a complete assembly.

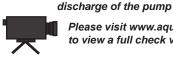
#### REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

- 1. Ensure that the pump is relieved of line pressure.
- 2. Wear suitable protective clothing and eye shielding for protection.
- 3. Flush process fluid on the pump with suitable neutralizing agent.
- 4. Disconnect and lockout electrical power to the pump.
- 5. Isolate and disconnect the piping on the suction and discharge valves.
- 6. Remove the valves using a wrench and rotate CCW for the discharge valve and CW for the suction valve.
- Before installing the new check valves clean the threads on the diaphragm head off any debris or excess sealing compounds.
- Use thread sealant sparingly. DO NOT APPLY sealant inside the check valves as this could clog and impede in the operation of the check ball.
- 9. Install the new check valve and tighten accordingly.
- 10.Reinstall the piping and follow startup procedure.

For AquFlow pumps with serviceable type check valves (1/2" and 7/8" ball size check) the valves assemblies consist of male, and female valve body, o-ring, three pieces of ball guides and ball. These check valve assemblies are designed to be self cleaning and should seldom need replacement or servicing.



Always wear protective clothing and eye shielding for protection and lockout electrical power to the pump. Flush out process fluid from the pump and disconnect the piping to the suction and



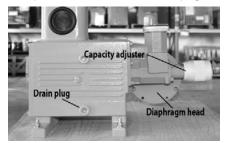
Please visit www.aquflowpumps.com/videos to view a full check valve seat replacement.

#### 9.5 Diaphragm and o-ring replacement

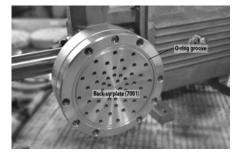
Except in the unlikely event of a loss in integrity, the diaphragm does not require replacement. Should a diaphragm replacement be required, the following steps must be followed:

#### DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Wear suitable protective clothing and eye shielding for protection.
- 2. Disconnect and lockout electrical power to the pump and drain the oil. See picture for location of the drain plug.



- 3. Disconnect and isolate all piping on the suction and discharge check valves of the pump.
- 4. Drain oil from the pump.
- 5. Remove the 6 screws (7018) from the diaphragm head, then carefully remove the diaphragm head (7016) from the pressure chamber assembly (4631).
- 6. In most cases, the PTFE diaphragm (7014) will need to be gently pried off the diaphragm head (7016). Careful not to scratch the diaphragm heads mating surface as this could cause liquid to leak during pump operation.
- Remove the contour plate (7021) from the diaphragm head. Clean and inspect prior to reassembly or replace if necessary. The contoured surface should be clean and smooth and free of any debris to prevent the diaphragm from being punctured in operation.
- 8. Remove the diaphragm o-ring (7017) from the support plate (7002), and the three Philips head screws (7008) securing the support plate (7002). Clean and inspect for damaged. Replace if necessary. The contoured surface should be clean and smooth and free of any debris to prevent the diaphragm from being punctured in operation.
- Remove the four screws (7006) and remove the back plate (7001) from the pressure chamber (4631). Remove and discard the o-ring (7004).





To prevent leakage, never attempt to reuse the old diaphragm.

#### REASSEMBLY

Make sure you have the new diaphragm and new o-ring appropriate for the pump size you are working on.

- 1. Place the new o-ring (7004) on the pressure chamber groove. Put a small amount of general purpose grease to keep this in place on the groove.
- Install the back plate (7001) on the pressure chamber and secure with four screws (7004). Tighten to final torque of 15 ft. Lbs.
- 3. On the groove of the back plate (7001), put a small amount of general purpose grease before installing the new support plate o-ring (7020). This will keep the o-ring on the groove temporarily while aligning the support plate holes to the back plate.
- Install the support plate (7002) over the o-ring (7020) contoured surface facing out - on the back plate and secure with three Philips head screws (7006).
- Put a small amount of general purpose grease on the groove of the support plate (7002) and put the diaphragm o-ring (7017) on the groove of the support plate.
- Place the PTFE diaphragm (7014) centered over the o-ring then gently press the center of the diaphragm to create a vacuum in the hydraulic chamber.
- 7. Place the contour plate (7021) inside the diaphragm head with contoured surface facing the PTFE diaphragm. Align the holes and secure the with six diaphragm head screws.
- Tighten the diaphragm screws in steps diagonal pattern to a final torque of 30 – 40 ft. lbs of torque.
- 9. Refill the pump with oil and follow the start up procedure.

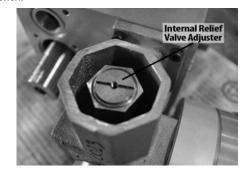


Please visit www.aquflowpumps.com/videos to view a demonstration of a diaphragm replacement.

#### 9.6 Adjusting internal relief valve

The internal relief valve is factory set to open at a pressure slightly higher than the discharge pressure indicated on the pump data plate. Unless otherwise indicated, when the pump is ordered the internal relief valve is set to open at the greater of 25 psig or 25% above the discharge pressure.

- 1. Wear suitable protective clothing and eye protection.
- Install a pressure gauge in the discharge line of the metering pump with a range 50% greater than the desired internal relief valve setting.
- 3. Install an adjustable safety relief valve downstream from the pressure gauge.
- Remove the oil reservoir cap assembly. The brass internal relief adjuster is located on a cast-in boss just under the cover. The adjuster requires a 5/16" hexagonal type "Allen" wrench.



5. Set the capacity adjuster to 100%, back off the adjustment to the safety relief valve so it opens at zero psig and start the pump. Continue to run the pump long enough to establish good pumping action.

- 6. Increase the seating of the SRV until the pump starts to build pressure. Carefully and continually observe the pressure indicated on the gauge. Gradually increase the safety relief valve setting until the pump internal relief valve actuates.
- 7. Rotate the internal relief valve adjuster CCW to decrease the pressure and CW to increase the pressure. Adjustments should be made in 1/4 turn increments. After each adjustment, relieve the discharge pressure by opening the safety relief valve. Observe the pressure gauge and repeat the adjustment as described until the desired internal relief valve pressure is indicated on the pressure gauge.
- 8. After adjustments are complete, return the safety relief valve to its appropriate setting.
- 9. Return pump to service.



Please visit www.aquflowpumps.com/videos to view a demonstration of an internal relief valve adjustment.

Do not run pump with relief valve adjuster "bottomed out," as severe damage to pump may result!



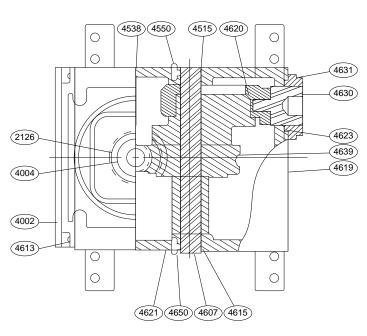
Never exceed pressure rating of pump or any component of the system or piping!

When the relief valve is actuated, particularly in the larger plunger size or high-speed units, oil may be ejected at high velocity through the bypass port. Routine precautions should be taken to prevent oil from splashing the operator of the surrounding area!

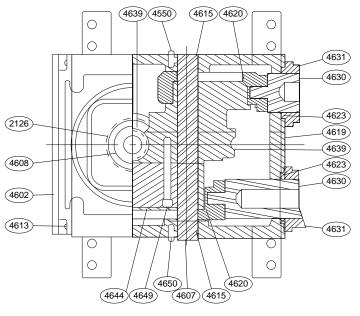
#### 9.7 Replacing gear shaft o-rings



- Disconnect and lockout electrical power to the pump (Note: If this procedure is done carefully, it may not be necessary to drain hydraulic oil).
- 2. Remove the (2) gearshaft screws from the housing one on each side of the housing.
- 3. Slide gear shaft approximately 1/2" in either direction; DO NOT REMOVE IT FULLY.
- 4. Remove and replace exposed o-ring.
- Apply a thin film of oil to the o-ring and slide gear shaft back into housing. Replace opposite side o-ring using the same procedure.
- Slide gear shaft to its original position and reinstall (2) retaining screws, using Loctite® or equal.
- 7. Recheck the hydraulic oil level and add oil as necessary.
- 8. Restart pump.



SIMPLEX



#### DUPLEX

#### NOTES: 3QUARTS REQUIRED

PUMP MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER ARE REQUIRED BY FACTORY WHEN ORDERING P ARTS!

INFORMATION SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

ПЕМ	QTY	DESCRIPTION
2123	1	COVER, SNAP
2126	1	BEARING, RETAINER
4602	1	COVER, REAR
4603	1	SILICONE, SEALANT
4605	2	BEARING, ROLLER
4606	1	OILSEAL
4607	1	SHAFT, GEAR
4608	1	COUPLING SET
4611	4	BOLT, MOTOR
4613	8	SCREW, REAR COVER
4614	Ĵ	HYDRAULIC OIL
4615	2	O-RING, GEARSHAFT
4616	2	PIPE PLUG
4617	1	KEY
4618	1	COVER, PRESSURE CHAMBER
4619	1	HOUSING
4620	1	BEARING, CROSSHEAD
4621	1	SPACER
4622	1	O-RING, UPPER PRESSURE CHAMBER
4623	1	O-RING, LOWER PRESSURE CHAMBER
4624	1	MICROMETER KNOB
4625	1	
4626	4	BOLT, PRESSURE CHAMBER
4627	4	BOLT, ADJUSTER HOUSING
4628	4	BASE
4629	4	
4630	4	BOLT, BASE PLUNGER/CROSSHEAD ASSEMBLY
4631	1	PRESSURE CHAMBER
	1	ADJUSTER HOUSING
4632 4633	1	ADJUSTER
4633	1	RELIEF VALVE ASSEMBLY
4634	1	O-RING, ADJUSTER HOUSING
4636	1	,
		O-RING, ADJUSTER
4637	1 1	JAM NUT WORM SHAFT
4638	1	
4639		GEAR
4640	1	
4642	2	
4643	1	SPRING, LOCKING PLUNGER
4644	1	
4645	1	O-RING, PRESSURE CHAMBER
4646	1	WASHER, NYLON
4647	1	SCREW, PRESSURE CHAMBER
4649	3	
4650	2	SCREW, GEAR SHAFT
4651	4	WASHER, MOTOR
4652	4	
4653	4	LOCKWASHER, BASE

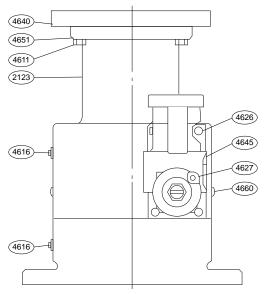
	OTV	DECODIDEION
ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
2123	1	COVER, SNAP
2126	1	BEARING, RETAINER
4602	1	COVER, REAR
4603	1	SILICONE, SEALANT
4605	2	BEARING, ROLLER
4606	1	OILSEAL
4607	1	SHAFT, GEAR
4608	1	COUPLING SET
4611	4	BOLT, MOTOR
4613	8	SCREW, REAR COVER
4614*	1	HYDRAULIC OIL
4615	2	O-RING, GEARSHAFT
4616	2	PIPE PLUG
4617	1	KEY
4618	1	COVER, PRESSURE CHAMBER
4619	1	HOUSING
4620	1	BEARING, CROSSHEAD
4621	1	SPACER
4622	1	O-RING, UPPER PRESSURE CHAMBER
4623	1	O-RING, LOWER PRESSURE CHAMBER
4624	1	MICROMETER KNOB
4625	1	CAPACITY PLATE
4626	4	BOLT, PRESSURE CHAMBER
4627	4	BOLT, ADJUSTER HOUSING
4628	1	BASE (NOT SHOWN)
4629	4	BOLT, BASE
4630	1	PLUNGER/CROSSHEAD ASSEMBLY
4631	1	PRESSURE CHAMBER
4632	1	ADJUSTER HOUSING
4633	1	ADJUSTER
4634	1	RELIEF VALVE ASSEMBLY
4635	1	O-RING, ADJUSTER HOUSING
4636*	1	O-RING ADJUSTER
4637	1	JAMNUT
4638	$\bigcirc$	WORM SHAFT
4639	Ð	GEAR
4640		MOTOR
4642	2	LOCKING PLUNGER
4643	1	SPRING, LOCKING PLUNGER
4644	1	ECCENTRIC
4645	1	O-RING, PRESSURE CHAMBER
4646	1	WASHER, NYLON
4647	1	SCREW, PRESSURE CHAMBER
4649	3	BOLT, ECCENTRIC
4650	2	SCREW, GEAR SHAFT
4651	4	WASHER, MOTOR
4652	4	NUT, BASE
4653	4	LOCKWASHER, BASE
1000	r	

NOTES:

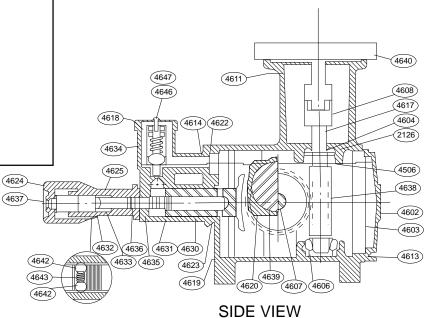
- \* DENOTES RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS
- (1) 3 QUARTS REQUIRED
- 1 BASE NOT REQUIRED ON ALL MODELS
- (1) MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDS THAT WORM AND GEAR BE REPLACED AS SET.

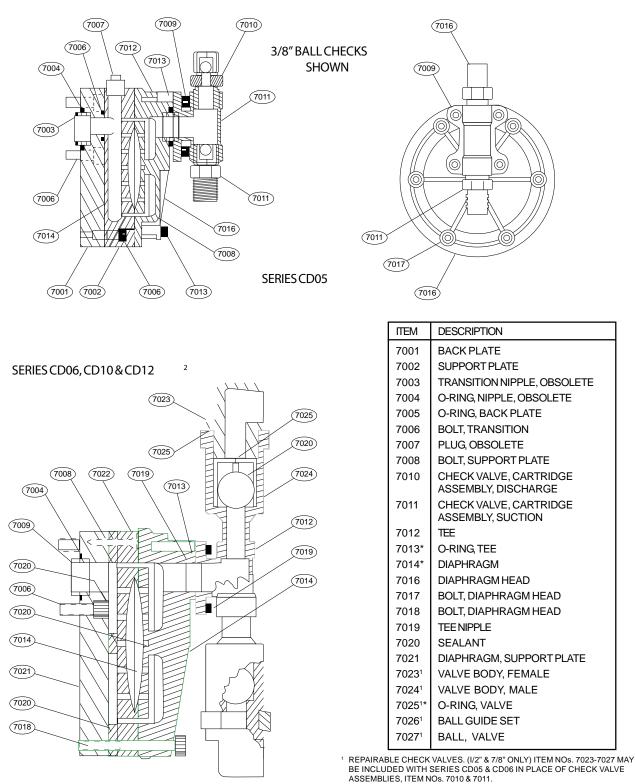
PUMP MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER ARE REQUIRED BY FACTORY WHEN ORDERING P ARTS!

INFORMATION SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.



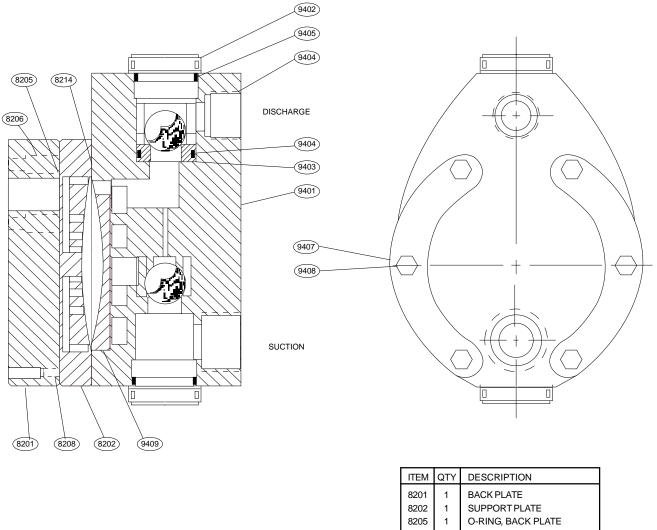
END VIEW (looking at micrometer knob)





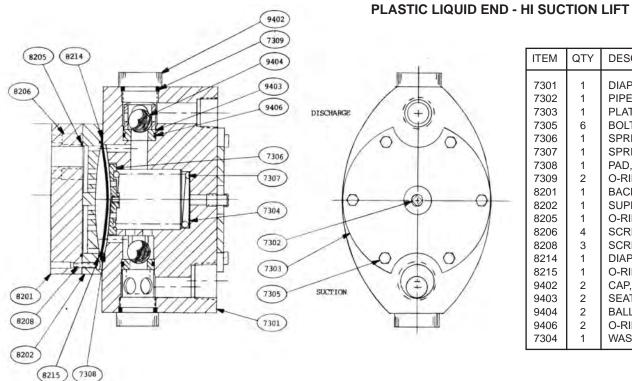
PUMP SERIAL & MODEL NUMBER REQUIRED TO ACCURATELY SPECIFY PARTS WHICH VARY BY SIZE.

\* DENOTES RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS.



ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
8201	1	BACK PLATE
8202	1	SUPPORT PLATE
8205	1	O-RING, BACK PLATE
8208	3	SCREW, SUPPORT PLATE
8214	1	DIAPHRAGM
9401	1	DIAPHRAGM HEAD
9402	2	CAP, VALVE
9403	2	SEAT, VALVE
9404	2	BALL, VALVE
9405	2	O-RING, CAP
9406	2	O-RING, SEAT
9407	2	BOLTING PLATE
9408	6	BOLT, DIAPHRAGM HEAD
9409	1	CONTOUR PLATE
8206	4	SCREW, BACK PLATE

INFORMATION SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE



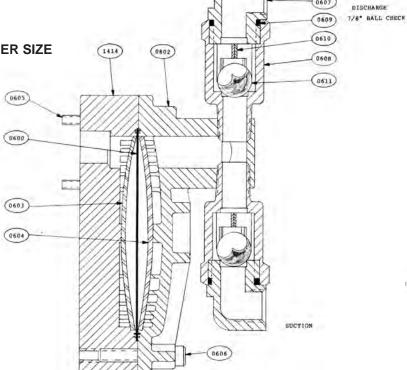
TEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
7301	1	DIAPHRAGM HEAD
7302	1	PIPE PLUG
7303	1	PLATE, DIAPHRAGM HEAD
7305	6	BOLT, DIAPHRAGM HEAD
7306	1	SPRING SEAT
7307	1	SPRING
7308	1	PAD, SPRING SEAT
7309	2	O-RING, VALVE CAP
8201	1	BACK PLATE
8202	1	SUPPORT PLATE
8205	1	O-RING, BACK PLATE
8206	4	SCREW, BACK PLATE
8208	3	SCREW, SUPPORT PLATE
8214	1	DIAPHRAGM
8215	1	O-RING, DIAPHRAGM
9402	2	CAP, VALVE
9403	2	SEAT, VALVE
9404	2	BALL, VALVE
9406	2	O-RING, SEAT
7304	1	WASHER, SPRING

0607

#### LIQUID END - 1-1/4", 1-3/8", 1-1/2" PLUNGER SIZE

ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
0600	1	DIAPHRAGM
*0602	1	DIAPHRAGM HEAD
0603	1	BACK-UP PLATE
*0604	1	CONTOUR PLATE
0605	4	SCREW, SUPPORT PLATE
0606	8	SCREW, DIAPHRAGM HEAD
*0607	2	VALVE BODY, FEMALE
*0608	2	VALVE BODY, MALE
*0609	2	O-RING, VALVE BODY
*0610	2	BALL GUIDES
*0611	2	BALL
1414	1	SUPPORT PLATE

NOTE: \* = MATERIAL VARIABLE



#### 18

1/2" & 7/8" BALL CHECK

(7024)

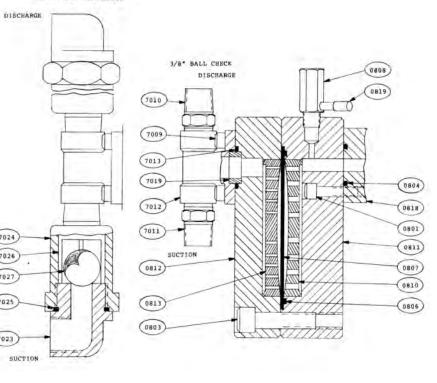
(7026)

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(7023)

#### DISC DIAPHRAGM LIQUID END - 5/8", 3/4" PLGR SIZE

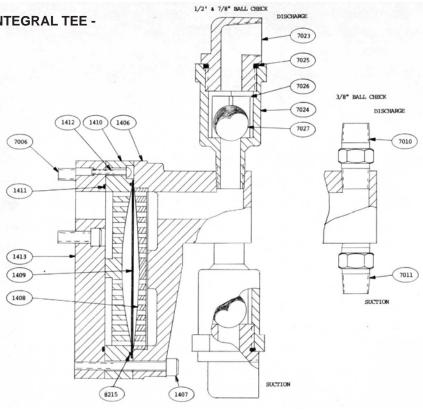


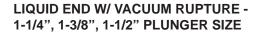
ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
0801	4	SCREW, MOUNTING PLATE
0803	6	SCREW, DIAPHRAGM HEAD
0804	1	O-RING, PRESSURE CHAMBER
0806	1	O-RING, MOUNTING PLATE
0807	1	DIAPHRAGM
0808	1	SNIFTER
0810	1	BACK-UP PLATE
0811	1	MOUNTING PLATE
0812	1	DIAPHRAGM HEAD
0813	1	CONTOUR PLATE
0818	1	PRESSURE CHAMBER
0819	1	TUBING/FITTINGS, SNIFTER
7009	4	SCREW, TEE
7010	1	DISCHARGE CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY
*7011	1	SUCTION CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY
7012	1	TEE
7013	1	O-RING, TEE
7019	1	TEE NIPPLE
*7023	2	VALVE BODY, FEMALE
7024	2	VALVE BODY, MALE
*7025	2	O-RING, VALVE BODY
*7026	2	BALL GUIDES
*7027	2	BALL

NOTE: \* = MATERIAL VARIABLE

#### **DISC DIAPHRAGM LIQUID END W/ INTEGRAL TEE -**3/4", 1-1/2" PLGR SIZE

ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1406	1	DIAPHRAGM HEAD
1407	6	SCREW. DIAPHRAGM HEAD
1408		CONTOUR PLATE
1408		DIAPHRAGM
1409		SUPPORT PLATE
	· ·	
1411	1	O-RING, BACK PLATE
1412	3	SCREW, RETAINING
1413	1	BACK PLATE
7006	4	SCREW, BACK PLATE
7010	1	DISCHARGE CHECK VALVE
		ASSEMBLY
7011	1	SUCTION CHECK VALVE
		ASSEMBLY
7023	2	VALVE BODY, FEMALE
7024	2	VALVE BODY, MALE
7025	2	O-RING, VALVE BODY
7026	2	BALL GUIDE
7027	2	BALL
8215		O-RING, DIAPHRAGM





DESCRIPTION

DIAPHRAGM HEAD

BACK-UP PLATE

CONTOUR PLATE

SCREW. SUPPORT PLATE

VALVE BODY, FEMALE

O-RING, VALVE BODY

DIAPHRAGM RETAINER

VALVE BODY, MALE

BALL GUIDES

DIAPHRAGM

SUPPORT PLATE

BALL

NOTE: \* = MATERIAL VARIABLE

SCREW, DIAPHRAGM HEAD

ITEM

\*0602

0603

\*0604

0605

0606

\*0607

\*0608

\*0609

\*0610

\*0611

1414

1415

1416

QTY

1

1

1

4

8

2

2

2

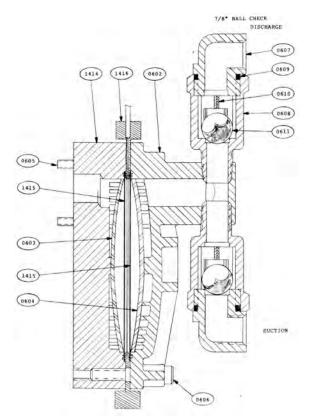
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2

1

2

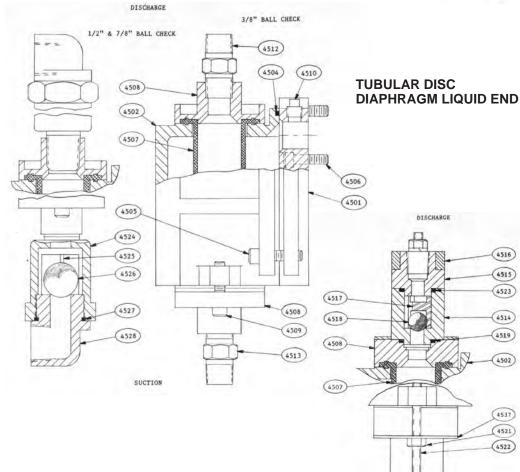
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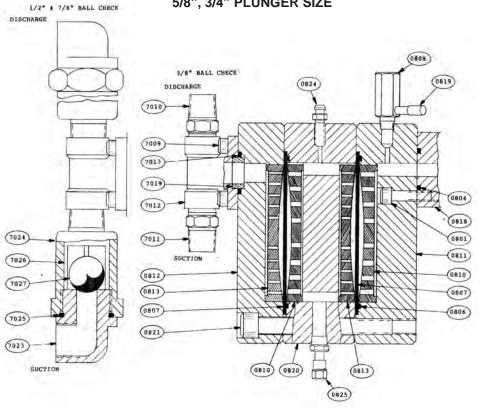
4516

(4520) (4521)

SUCTION



ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
4501	1	BACK PLATE
4502	1	HOUSING
4504	1	O-RING, HOUSING
4505	4	SCREW, HOUSING
*4506	4	SCREW, BACK PLATE
*4507	1	DIAPHRAGM
*4508	2	FLANGE
4509	4	SCREW, FLANGE
4510	1	PIPE PLUG
*4512	1	DISCHARGE CHECK VALVE
*4513	1	SUCTION CHECK VALVE
*4514	2	SEAT
*4515	2	CONNECTOR
4516	2	YOKE
*4517	2	BALL GUID
*4518	2	BALL
*4519	2	O-RING, SEAT
4520	4	LOCKWASHER
4521	8	NUT
4522	4	STUD
*4523	2	O-RING, CONNECTOR
*4524	2	VALVE BODY, MALE
*4525	2	BALL GUIDES
*4526	2	BALL
*4527	2	O-RING, VALVE BODY
*4528	2	VALVE BODY, FEMALE
4537	2	PLATE, FLANGE

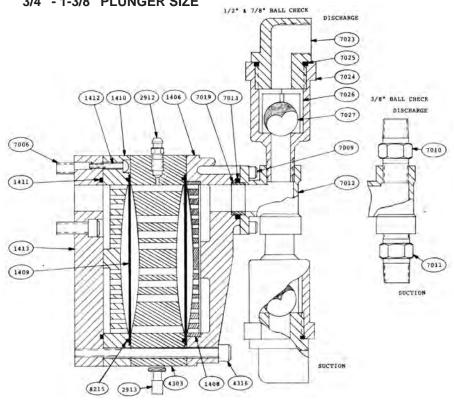


ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
0801	4	SCREW. MOUNTING PLATE
0804	1	O-RING. PRESSURE CHAMBER
0806	2	O-RING, MOUNTING PLATE
0807	2	DIAPHRAGM
8080	1	SNIFTER
0810	2	BACK-UP PLATE
0811	1	MOUNTING PLATE
*0812	1	DIAPHRAGM HEAD
*0813	2	CONTOUR PLATE
0818	REF	PRESSURE CHAMBER
0819	1	TUBING/FITTINGS, SNIFTER
0820	1	INTERMEDIATE CHAMBER
0821	6	SCREW, DIAPHRAGM HEAD
0824	1	BLEED SCREW
7009	4	SCREW, TEE
*7010	1	DISCHARGE CHECK VALVE
		ASSEMBLY
*7011	1	SUCTION CHECK VALVE
		ASSEMBLY
*7012	1	TEE
7013	1	O-RING, TEE
*7019	1	TEE NIPPLE
*7023	2	VALVE BODY, FEMALE
*7024	2	VALVE BODY, MALE
*7025	2	O-RING, VALVE BODY
*7026	2	BALL GUIDES
*7027	2 2	BALL SCREW INTERMEDIATE
0823 0825	2	FILL VALVE
0620		FILL VALVE

NOTE: \* = MATERIAL VARIABLE

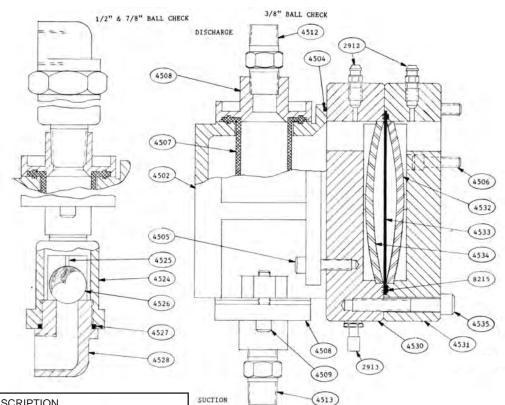
ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
*1406	1	DIAPHRAGM HEAD
*1408	1	CONTOUR PLATE
1409	2	DIAPHRAGM
1410	1	SUPPORT PLATE
1411	1	O-RING, BACK PLATE
1412	3	SCREW, RETAINING
1413	1	BACK PLATE
7006	4	SCREW, BACK PLATE
7009	4	SCREW, TEE
*7010	1	DISCHARGE CHECK VALVE
		ASSEMBLY
*7011	1	SUCTION CHECK VALVE
		ASSEMBLY
*7012	1	TEE
7013	1	O-RING, TEE
*7019	1	TEE, NIPPLE
*7023	2	VALVE BODY, FEMALE
*7024	2	VALVE BODY, MALE
*7025	2	O-RING, VALVE BODY
*7026	2	BALL GUIDE
*7027	2	BALL
4303	1	INTERMEDIATE PLATE
4316	6	SCREW, DIAPHRAGM HEAD
2912		BLEED VALVE
2913		SCHRADER VALVE
8215	2	O-RING, DIAPHRAGM

DOUBLE DISC DIAPHRAGM LIQUID END 3/4" - 1-3/8" PLUNGER SIZE



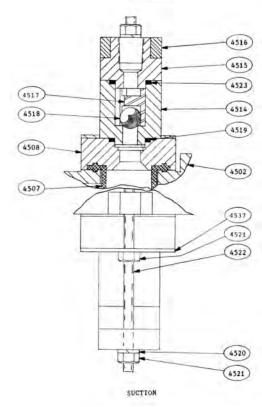
# DOUBLE DISC DIAPHRAGM LIQUID END 5/8", 3/4" PLUNGER SIZE

#### DOUBLE DIAPHRAGM DISC/TUBULAR LIQUID END

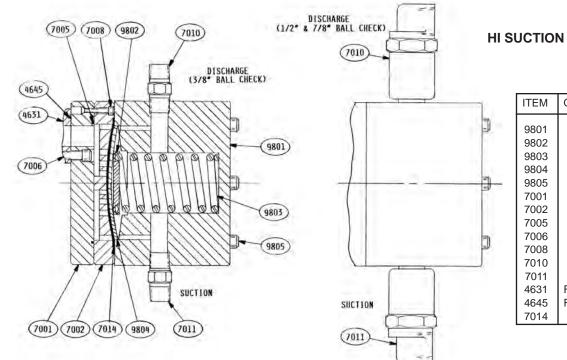


ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
4502	1	HOUSING
4504	1	O-RING, HOUSING
4505	4	SCREW, HOUSING
4506	4	SCREW, BACK PLATE
*4507	1	DIAPHRAGM
*4508	2	FLANGE
4509	4	SCREW, FLANGE
*4512	1	DISCHARGE CHECK VALVE
*4513	1	SUCTION CHECK VALVE
*4514	2	SEAT
*4515	2	CONNECTOR
4516	2	YOKE
*4517	2	BALL GUIDE
*4518	2	BALL
*4519	2	O-RING, SEAT
4520	4	LOCKWASHER
4521	8	NUT
4522	4	STUD
*4523	2	O-RING, CONNECTOR
*4524	2	VALVE BODY, MALE
*4525	2	BALL GUIDE
*4526	2	BALL
*4527	2	O-RING, VALVE BODY
*4528	2 1	VALVE BODY, FEMALE
4530 4531		ADAPTER PLATE MOUNTING PLATE
4531	1	BACK-UP PLATE
4532		DIAPHRAGM
4533	1	CONTOUR PLATE
4534	6	SCREW. ADAPTER
2912	2	BLEED VALVE
2912	1	SCHRADER VALVE
8215		O-RING. DIAPHRAGM
4537	2	PLATE, FLANGE
	-	,

DISCHARGE





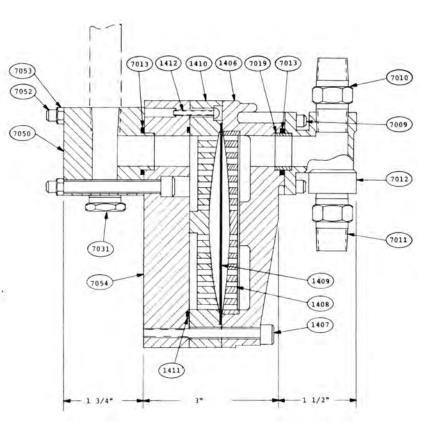


#### HI SUCTION LIFT LIQUID END

ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
9801	1	DIAPHRAGM HEAD
9802	1	SEAT, SPRING
9803	1	SPRING
9804	1	DIAPHRAGM PAD
9805	6	SCREW, DIAPHRAGM HEAD
7001	1	BACK PLATE
7002	1	SUPPORT PLATE
7005	1	O-RING, BACK PLATE
7006	4	SCREW, BACK PLATE
7008	3	SCREW, SUPPORT PLATE
7010	1	DISCHARGE CHECK VALVE
7011	1	SUCTION CHECK VALVE
4631	REF	PRESSURE CHAMBER
4645	REF	O-RING, PRESSURE CHAMBER
7014	1	DIAPHRAGM

## REMOTE HEAD LIQUID END 3/4" - 1-1/2" PLGR SIZE

ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION	
1406	1	DIAPHRAGM HEAD	
1407	6	SCREW. DIAPHRAGM HEAD	
1408	1	CONTOUR PLATE	
1409	1	DIAPHRAGM	
1410	1	SUPPORT PLATE	
1411	1	O-RING, SUPPORT PLATE	
1412	3	SCREW, RETAINING	
7009	4	SCREW, TEE	
7010	1	DISCHARGE CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY	
7011	1	SUCTION CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY	
7012	1	TEE	
7013	1	O-RING, TEE	
7019	1	TEE NIPPLE	
7050	1	TEE BARSTOCK	
7051	1	PIPE PLUG	
7052	4	SCREW, BARSTOCK TEE	
7053	4	NUT, BARSTOCK TEE	
7054	1	BACK PLATE, REMOTE HEAD	



ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION
801 802 803 804 805 806 807 808 809	4 12 6 1 3 2 2 1 A/R	BOLT, MOUNTING PLATE BOLT, TEE BOLT, DIAPHRAGM HEAD O-RING, PRESSURE CHAMBER O-RING, TEE O-RING, MOUNTING PLATE DIAPHRAGM SNIFTER SEALANT
810	2*	SUPPORT PLATE
811	1*	MOUNTING PLATE
812	2*	DIAPHRAGM HEAD
813	2*	CONTOUR PLATE
814	3*	TEE
815	3*	NIPPLE, TEE
816	1*	SUCTION CHECK VALVE
817	1*	DISCHARGE CHECK VALVE
818	1*	PRESSURE CHAMBER
819	1	TUBING/FITTINGS, SNIFTER
820	1*	SUPPORT PLATE REMOTE HEAD
821	1*	PLUG
822	1	REDUCING BUSHING
823	1	BLEED PLUG
824	6*	BOLT, REMOTE HEAD
825	6*	NUT, REMOTE HEAD
826	A/R*	PIPE

(817)

(802)

(814)

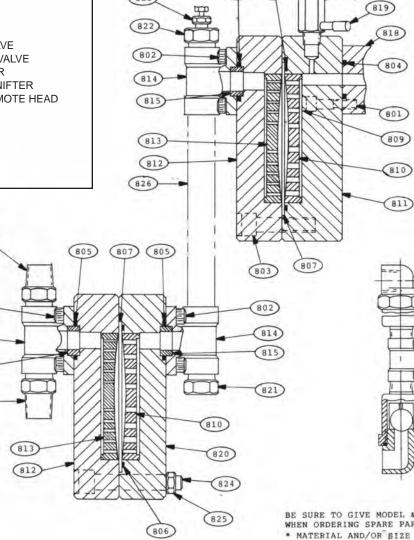
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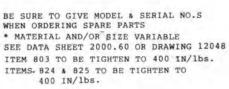
REMOTE LIQUID END - 5/8", 3/4" PLGR SIZE

(805) (806)

(808)



(823)



(817)

(816)

Pump Troubleshooting Chart The following charts cover common problems, probable cause and remedies as related to metering pump operation, and will serve as a basis to help isolate and remedy these problems. Each section lists probable causes and remedies in systematic order of probability.

Г	order of probal	onity							Φ	1	D			ġ		
REMEDIES	<ol> <li>Readjust capacity setting.</li> <li>Fill to proper level.</li> <li>Increase suction piping size or increase suction head.</li> <li>Reset valve to correct setting.</li> <li>Repair piping.</li> </ol>	6. Decrease lift.	<ol> <li>Coon inquire, increase suction meau.</li> <li>Reduce viscosity of fluid; change ball material; increase ball size.</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>Fill to proper level.</li> <li>Repair piping.</li> <li>Reset relief valve.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Raise tank fluid level.</li> <li>Clean or replace.</li> <li>Cool fluid or increase suction head.</li> <li>Deduce viscocity of fluid- shored</li> </ol>		Increase discharge pressure (pump discharge pressure must be 25-30 psig	greater than suction pressure to assure proper ball check valve operation).	Ball valves makes a clicking sound as they operate - rattling noises may also	be reard. Under certain conducts these noises are amplified by the natural resonance of piping. These noises are	normal and should not cause concern. 1. Replace gear set. 2. Replace with correct oil. 3. Replace barinos.	1. Limit discharge pressure to the maximum pressure specified.	<ol> <li>Check power supply.</li> <li>Drain/refill with correct oil.</li> <li>Increase ventilation or relocate pump.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Tighten.</li> <li>Drain oil to proper level.</li> <li>Tighten to specifications.</li> </ol>	Replace diaphragm after correcting cause of failure. Hydraulic oil must be discarded and the pump gearbox thoroughly flushed of all traces of process fluid. Replace with fresh
PROBABLE CAUSE	<ul> <li>*Please read IMPORTANT NOTE first before proceeding.</li> <li>1. Incorrect capacity setting.</li> <li>2. Insufficient hydraulic oil.</li> <li>3. Starved suction.</li> <li>4. Internal or external relief valve set</li> </ul>		<ol> <li>Excessive suction lift.</li> <li>Fluid close to boiling point.</li> <li>Fluid viscosity too high</li> </ol>	U U	before proceeding. 1. Clogged/dirty suction strainer. 2. Insufficient hydraulic oil.	<ol> <li>Leak in suction piping.</li> <li>Internal external relief valve is relieving</li> <li>Insufficient suction pressure.</li> <li>Nor or drify sub check valves.</li> <li>Fluid too chece in boiling.</li> </ol>		1. Insufficient discharge pressure.	2. Too much suction pressure.	Ball check valves.		<ol> <li>Excessive gear wear.</li> <li>Improper lubrication.</li> <li>Worn bearings.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Motor overloaded - pump operating in excess of discharge pressure rating.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Improper wiring or low voltage.</li> <li>Hydraulic oil too viscous.</li> <li>High ambient temperature.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Oil drain plug loose.</li> <li>Pump overfilled with hydraulic oil.</li> <li>Diaphragm head bolts loose.</li> </ol>	Ruptured diaphragm.
	Pump fails to deliver rated capacity					Pump operates erratically.		Pump delivers too much	capacity.		Noisy operation.		Motor overheats.		Pump leaking oil.	Pump losing oil. Hydraulic oil discolored.
	t hydraulic diaphragm pumps of air, either on the hydraulic e that the last tiny bubbles of ECIALLY CRITICAL IN SMALL	REMEDIES		<ol> <li>Clean or replace (suction line not flushed prior to connecting pump, permitting debris to enter and block</li> </ol>	ball check valves. 3. Clean or replace.	<ol> <li>Reset internal relief valve within pump rating.</li> </ol>	5. Insufficient NPSH <sub>A</sub> . Shorten	suction piping; increase suction pipe size; increase suction head.	<ol> <li>Replace fuse after correcting cause of overload.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Reset after correcting cause of overload; check heater size.</li> <li>Determine cause and correct.</li> </ol>	4. Reset.	<ol> <li>Check motor for physical damage that may hinder operation.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Fill to proper level.</li> <li>Clean or replace.</li> <li>Clean or replace</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Clean inc.</li> <li>Open valve.</li> <li>Allow suction line and pump head</li> </ol>	to fill with liquid before pumping against pressure. 7. Remove and reinstall correctly. 8. Remove and clean liquid end,	replace diaphragm. An infrequent occurrence when pumping fluid that contains particles that settle out. (A tubular diaphragm liquid end recommended.)
	*IMPORTANT NOTE: The single most important cause of hydraulic diaphragm pumps not performing or under-performing is the entrapment of air, either on the hydraulic oil side or process liquid side or both. Please make sure that the last tiny bubbles of air are purged from both sides. THIS PROBLEM IS ESPECIALLY CRITICAL IN SMALL FLOW PUMPS.		Insufficient hydraulic oil.	<ol> <li>Clogged or blocked ball check</li> <li>valves, or check valves held</li> <li>open by solids.</li> </ol>	3. Clogged/blocked suction strainer.	<ol> <li>System discharge pressure greater than pump relief valve setting.</li> </ol>	5. Starved suction.		1. Blown fuse or tripped breaker.	Open thermal overload. Low line voltage.	nit switches, antrol devices	in pump motor starter circuit. 5. Motor damage.	Please read IMPORTANT NOTE first sfore proceeding. Insufficient hydraulic oil.	Check valve(s) lodged open by solids. Worn or dirty ball check valves.		<ol> <li>Check valves installed incorrectly.</li> <li>Solids build-up between diaphragm and contour plate, limiting diaphragm movement.</li> </ol>
	TIMPORTANT NOTE: not performing or un oil side or process liç air are purged from b		Most problems that arise during or shortly after	startup are a result of improper pump installation.	Each AquFlow pump is tested and in good	working order when shipped. Before making adjustments to, or disassembling any part	of the pump, check the following.			Pump motor fails to start.					Pump runs but fails to deliver.	